1.0	Commercial Product Name and Supplier	
1.1	Commercial product name / designation	Dry-Rite Drying Agent
		Silane Bond Enhancer
1.2	Application / Use	Dental material for use by dental professionals.
1.2.2	SIC	851 Human health activity
1.2.3	Use Category	55
1.3	Manufacturer	
	Pulpdent Corporation	
	80 Oakland Street	Telephone: 1 617 926-6666
	P.O. Box 780	Fax: 1 617 926-6262
	Watertown, MA 02472 USA	Email: Pulpdent@pulpdent.com
1.4	Emergency Telephone Number	1-800-535-5053 (24 Hour / USA)
1.5	Authorized European Representative	Advena Limited
		Tower Business Centre, 2nd Floor, Tower
		Street, Swatar, BKR 4013 Malta
	UK Responsible Person	Advena Limited
		Pure Offices, Plato Close
		Warwick, CV34 6WE United Kingdom

Revision Date: February 10, 2021

2.0	Hazards Identification			
2.1	Classification			
2.1.1	Classification according to Regulation	Hazard Class	Hazard Category	Hazard Statement
	(EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Flammable liquid	2	H225
		Eye irritation	2	H319
		STOT SE	3	H335
		Skin irritation	2	H315
2.1.2	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC (See SECTION 16 for full text of risk phrases)	Flammable (F) R 11	1	
		Irritant (Xi) R 36/37/3	38	

2.2 GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms





Signal Word: **DANGER**

Restricted to use by dental professional only

Hazard Statements:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Category 2.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. Category 2.

H335: Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT), single exposure, respiratory tract, Category 3: May cause respiratory

irritation.

H315: Causes skin irritation. Category 2.

Precautionary Statements:

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, hot surfaces. No smoking.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Trade Name: Ethanol-based Materials: DRY-RITE / SILANE BOND ENHANCER

P261: Avoid breathing fumes.

P280: Wear protective gloves/ clothing and eye protection.

P304+P340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Revision Date: February 10, 2021

P303+P361+P353: If on skin or hair, remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P370+P378: In case of fire, use dry chemical, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide for extinction.

	F 370+F 370. III C	ase of file, use dry c	merrical, alcorror to	am, or carbon dioxide id	or extinction.
3.0	Composition				
3.1 3.2	Chemical charac	cterization of the prependents	paration:	Denatured ethyl alcol	hol preparation.
	CAS Number	Name of the Ingredient	Concentration	Classification per 67/548/EEC	Classification per Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008 (CLP).
	64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol	92%	Flammable (F); Irritant (Xi). R11- 36/ 37/38-66	Flammable liquid, Category 2 Eye irritation, Category 2 STOT SE, Category 3 Skin irritation Category 2.
	67-64-1	Acetone (denaturant)	7%	Flammable (F); Irritant (Xi). R11- 36/ 37/38-66	Flammable liquid, Category 2 Eye irritation, Category 2 STOT SE, Category 3 Skin irritation Category 2.
4.0	First Aid Measures				
4.1	tract if inhaled. E drowsiness, lassitu		led. Exposure to etha	n contact. May cause irritation of respiratory anol >1000 ppm may cause headache, s. Show this safety data sheet to medical ase of uncertainty.	
4.2	Eye Contact Keep eyelids apart, flush with running water for 15+ minutes. Get m attention.		ning water for 15+ minutes. Get medical		
4.3	Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash with soap, running wash with soap, running wash cream. Get medical attention if irritation persists.				
4.4	Ingestion		Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
4.5	Inhalation		Move to fresh seek medical	•	minister oxygen and/or artificial respiration;
4.6	Precautions for	first responders	Ventilate the	area. Wear safety glass	es and gloves.
4.7	Information for p Symptoms	physicians		material may cause y cause irritation of resp	irritation or redness in eyes or on skin. piratory tract.
	Hazards		appetite loss.		ay cause headache, drowsiness, lassitude, respiratory or skin disease are at increased contact.

ineffective, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. 5.2 Extinguishing media to avoid Water may be ineffective, but will keep fire-exposed containers cool. 5.3 Special exposure hazards in a fire Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide from incomplete combustion 5.4 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters 6.0 Accidental Release Measures 6.1 Personal precautions. Wear chemical splash goggles and gloves. 6.2 Environmental precautions Avoid releasing large quantities into environment. 6.3 Method for clean up For small quantities: Ventilate area. Wear safety glasses, lab coat, gloves with water. Place all material (paper or cloth towels). Rinse area of spling with absorbent material (paper or cloth towels). Rinse area of spling with the professionals only. Remove applicator tip and recapinmediately after use. Keep material tiphtly capped in original container. Donot use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.2 Storage Remove applicator tip after use. Keep tightly capped in original container. Donot use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.3 Specific uses Dry-Rite: Dental drying agent; Silaner. Material used to enhance bonding of porcelain to resin composites and luting agents. 8.0 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection 8.1 Exposure limit values Ethanol: 1000 ppm; Acetone: 750 ppm 8.2 Exposure controls 8.3 Occupational exposure controls 8.4 Respiratory protection 8.5 Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors. 8.6 Limit value is enclosure, local ventilation of use for large quantities/prolonged exposure, use enclosure, local ventilation dilution to reduce concentration below TLV. 8.2.1.1 Respiratory protection 8.2.1.2 Hand protection 8.3 No special requirements other than safety glasses. 8.4 No special requirements other than safety glasses.		Treatment	Same as above under First Aid
ineffective, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. 5.2 Extinguishing media to avoid Water may be ineffective, but will keep fire-exposed containers cool. 5.3 Special exposure hazards in a fire Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide from incomplete combustion 5.4 Special exposure hazards in a fire Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide from incomplete combustion 5.4 Special exposure hazards in a fire Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide from incomplete combustion 5.6 Accidental Release Measures 6.1 Personal precautions. Wear chemical splash goggles and gloves. 6.2 Environmental precautions Avoid releasing large quantities into environment. 6.3 Method for clean up For small quantities: Ventilate area. Wear safety glasses, lab coat, gloves Wipe up with absorbent material (paper or cloth towels). Rinse area of spli with water. Place all material in closed container away from heat, sparks sun and oxidizers. 7.0 Handling For use by dental professionals only. Remove applicator tip and recar immediately after use. Keep material tightly capped in original container. De not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.2 Storage Remove applicator tip after use. Keep tightly capped in original container. De not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.3 Specific uses Dry-Rite. Dental drying agent; Silane: Material used to enhance bonding or port-Paties of the presence	5.0	Fire Fighting Measures	
5.3 Special exposure hazards in a fire 5.4 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters 6.0 Accidental Release Measures 6.1 Personal precautions 6.2 Environmental precautions 6.3 Method for clean up 6.4 Handling and Storage 7.0 Handling and Storage 7.1 Handling 7.2 Storage 7.2 Storage 7.3 Specific uses 7.4 Seposure Controls / Personal Protection 8.1 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection 8.2 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection 8.3 Personal precautions 8.4 Accidental Release Measures 8.5 Wear chemical splash goggles and gloves. 8.6 Avoid releasing large quantities: Ventilate area. Wear safety glasses, lab coat, gloves Wipe up with absorbent material (paper or cloth towels). Rinse area of spling with water. Place all material in closed container away from heat, sparks sun and oxidizers. 7.5 Handling 8. For use by dental professionals only. Remove applicator tip and recapimenediately after use. Keep material tightly capped in original container. Do not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emplied, as residual product is hazardous. 8. Remove applicator tip after use. Keep tightly capped in original container. Do not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emplied, as residual product is hazardous. 8. Remove applicator tip after use. Keep tightly capped in original container. Do not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where containers is emplied, as residual product is hazardous. 8. Reposure Storage 8. Personal Protection 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection 8. Exposure controls 8. Available of the protection of the p	5.1	Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	5.2	Extinguishing media to avoid	Water may be ineffective, but will keep fire-exposed containers cool.
6.0 Accidental Release Measures 6.1 Personal precautions. Wear chemical splash goggles and gloves. 6.2 Environmental precautions Avoid releasing large quantities into environment. 6.3 Method for clean up For small quantities: Ventilate area. Wear safety glasses, lab coat, gloves Wipe up with absorbent material (paper or cloth towels). Rinse area of spling with water. Place all material in closed container away from heat, sparks sun and oxidizers. 7.0 Handling Amad Storage 7.1 Handling For use by dental professionals only. Remove applicator tip and recapinemediately after use. Keep material tightly capped in original container. Do not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.2 Storage Remove applicator tip after use. Keep tightly capped in original container. Do not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.3 Specific uses Dry-Rite: Dental drying agent; Silane: Material used to enhance bonding oprocelain to resin composites and luting agents. 8.0 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection 8.1 Exposure limit values Ethanol: 1000 ppm; Acetone: 750 ppm 8.2 Exposure controls 8.3 Cocupational exposure controls 8.4 Respiratory protection Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors. 8.5 Land protection No special requirements other than surgical gloves. 8.6 Every protection No special requirements other than safety glasses. 8.6 Evironmental exposure controls 8.7 Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. 8.8 Environmental exposure controls	5.3	Special exposure hazards in a fire	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide from incomplete combustion
Personal precautions. Wear chemical splash goggles and gloves.	5.4		Self-contained breathing apparatus.
6.2 Environmental precautions 6.3 Method for clean up 6.3 Method for clean up 6.3 Method for clean up 6.4 For small quantities: Ventilate area. Wear safety glasses, lab coat, gloves Wijpe up with absorbent material (paper or cloth towels). Rinse area of spil with water. Place all material in closed container away from heat, sparks sun and oxidizers. 7.0 Handling 7.1 Handling 7.1 Handling 7.2 For use by dental professionals only. Remove applicator tip and recap immediately after use. Keep material lightly capped in original container. Denot use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.2 Storage 7.3 Remove applicator tip after use. Keep tightly capped in original container. Store at cool room temperature in a well-ventilated area. Avoid extreme temperatures, 452°C/40°F), sparks, direct sunlight, oxidizing agents. Vapor may form flammable mixtures with air. 7.3 Specific uses 7.4 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection 8.1 Exposure limit values 8.2 Exposure controls 8.3 Ethanol: 1000 ppm; Acetone: 750 ppm 8.4 Exposure controls 8.5 Respiratory protection 8.6 Respiratory protection 8.7 Respiratory protection 8.8 Respiratory protection 9. Respiratory protection 9. Respiratory protection 9. No special requirements other than surgical gloves. 9. Respiratory protection 9. No special requirements other than safety glasses. 9. Respiratory protection 9. No special requirements other than safety glasses. 9. Respiratory protection 9. Re	6.0	Accidental Release Measures	
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Wipe up with absorbent material (paper or cloth towels). Rinse area of spil with water. Place all material in closed container away from heat, sparks sun and oxidizers. 7.0 Handling and Storage 7.1 Handling For use by dental professionals only. Remove applicator tip and recar immediately after use. Keep material tightly capped in original container. Do not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions where container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.2 Storage Remove applicator tip after use. Keep tightly capped in original container store at cool room temperature in a well-ventilated area. Avoid extreme temperatures (>27°C/80°F, <5°C/40°F), sparks, direct sunlight, oxidizing agents. Vapor may form flammable mixtures with air. 7.3 Specific uses Dry-Rite: Dental drying agent; Silane: Material used to enhance bonding o procelain to resin composites and luting agents. 8.0 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection 8.1 Exposure limit values Ethanol: 1000 ppm; Acetone: 750 ppm 8.2 Exposure controls No special equipment or ventilation required under normal conditions of use For large quantities/prolonged exposure, use enclosure, local ventilation dilution to reduce concentration below TLV. 8.2.1.1 Respiratory protection Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors. 8.2.1.2 Hand protection No special requirements other than surgical gloves. 8.2.1.3 Eye protection No special requirements other than safety glasses. 8.2.1.4 Skin protection No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. 8.2.1.5 Other controls Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke.	6.2	Environmental precautions	Avoid releasing large quantities into environment.
For use by dental professionals only. Remove applicator tip and recapimmediately after use. Keep material tightly capped in original container. Do not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions wher container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous. 7.2 Storage Remove applicator tip after use. Keep tightly capped in original container is container in a well-ventilated area. Avoid extreme temperatures (>27°C/80°F, <5°C/40°F), sparks, direct sunlight, oxidizing agents. Vapor may form flammable mixtures with air. 7.3 Specific uses Dry-Rite: Dental drying agent; Silane: Material used to enhance bonding of porcelain to resin composites and luting agents. 8.0 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection 8.1 Exposure limit values Ethanol: 1000 ppm; Acetone: 750 ppm 8.2 Exposure controls 8.2.1 Occupational exposure controls No special equipment or ventilation required under normal conditions of use For large quantities/prolonged exposure, use enclosure, local ventilation dilution to reduce concentration below TLV. 8.2.1.1 Respiratory protection Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors. 8.2.1.2 Hand protection No special requirements other than surgical gloves. 8.2.1.3 Eye protection No special requirements other than safety glasses. 8.2.1.4 Skin protection No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. 8.2.1.5 Other controls Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. 8.2.2 Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	6.3	Method for clean up	For small quantities: Ventilate area. Wear safety glasses, lab coat, gloves. Wipe up with absorbent material (paper or cloth towels). Rinse area of spill with water. Place all material in closed container away from heat, sparks, sun and oxidizers.
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Store at cool room temperature in a well-ventilated area. Avoid extreme temperatures (>27°C/80°F, <5°C/40°F), sparks, direct sunlight, oxidizing agents. Vapor may form flammable mixtures with air. 7.3 Specific uses **Dry-Rite:* Dental drying agent; **Silane:* Material used to enhance bonding or porcelain to resin composites and luting agents. **B.0 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection** 8.1 Exposure limit values **Ethanol:* 1000 ppm; Acetone:* 750 ppm** 8.2 Exposure controls 8.2.1 Occupational exposure controls **No special equipment or ventilation required under normal conditions of use For large quantities/prolonged exposure, use enclosure, local ventilation dilution to reduce concentration below TLV. 8.2.1.1 Respiratory protection 8.2.1.2 Hand protection 8.2.1.3 Eye protection 8.2.1.4 Skin protection 8.2.1.5 Other controls **Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. **Environmental exposure controls **Follow all government regulations.**	7.1	Handling	For use by dental professionals only. Remove applicator tip and recap immediately after use. Keep material tightly capped in original container. Do not use in presence of ignition sources. Take same precautions when container is emptied, as residual product is hazardous.
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Exposure limit values Exposure controls No special equipment or ventilation required under normal conditions of use For large quantities/prolonged exposure, use enclosure, local ventilation dilution to reduce concentration below TLV. Respiratory protection Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors. No special requirements other than surgical gloves. Respiratory protection No special requirements other than safety glasses. No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. Respiratory protection No special requirements other than safety glasses. No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	7.3	Specific uses	<i>Dry-Rite</i> : Dental drying agent; <i>Silane</i> : Material used to enhance bonding of porcelain to resin composites and luting agents.
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8.2.1 Occupational exposure controls No special equipment or ventilation required under normal conditions of use For large quantities/prolonged exposure, use enclosure, local ventilation dilution to reduce concentration below TLV. 8.2.1.1 Respiratory protection Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors. No special requirements other than surgical gloves. No special requirements other than safety glasses. No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. 8.2.1.4 Skin protection No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. 8.2.2 Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	8.1	Exposure limit values	Ethanol: 1000 ppm; Acetone: 750 ppm
For large quantities/prolonged exposure, use enclosure, local ventilation dilution to reduce concentration below TLV. 8.2.1.1 Respiratory protection Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors. 8.2.1.2 Hand protection No special requirements other than surgical gloves. 8.2.1.3 Eye protection No special requirements other than safety glasses. 8.2.1.4 Skin protection No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. 8.2.1.5 Other controls Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. 8.2.2 Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	8.2	Exposure controls	
8.2.1.2 Hand protection No special requirements other than surgical gloves. No special requirements other than safety glasses. No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	8.2.1	Occupational exposure controls	No special equipment or ventilation required under normal conditions of use. For large quantities/prolonged exposure, use enclosure, local ventilation, dilution to reduce concentration below TLV.
8.2.1.3 Eye protection No special requirements other than safety glasses. No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. Other controls Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	8.2.1.1	Respiratory protection	Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors.
8.2.1.4 Skin protection No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices. Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	8.2.1.2	Hand protection	No special requirements other than surgical gloves.
8.2.1.5 Other controls Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use Do not eat, drink or smoke. 8.2.2 Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	8.2.1.3	Eye protection	No special requirements other than safety glasses.
Do not eat, drink or smoke. 8.2.2 Environmental exposure controls Follow all government regulations.	8.2.1.4	Skin protection	No special requirements other than good hygiene and safety practices.
	8.2.1.5	Other controls	Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink or smoke.
9.0 Physical and Chemical Properties	8.2.2	Environmental exposure controls	Follow all government regulations.
	9.0	Physical and Chemical Properties	

Pulpdent Corporation Safety Data Sheet

Trade Name: Ethanol-based Materials: DRY-RITE / SILANE BOND ENHANCER

9.1	Characteristics	
9.1.1	Color / Physical state	Dry-Rite: Pink liquid
		Silane: Clear liquid
9.1.2	Odor	Characteristic, sweet, ethanol odor
9.2	Important health, safety and environmental inform	ation
9.2.1	рН	Not applicable
9.2.2	Boiling point	Boiling Point: 173°F / 78.3°C
9.2.3	Flash point	43°F / 6°C (Tag closed cup)
9.2.4	Ignition temperature	423°C
9.2.5	Explosive properties	LEL: 3.3; UEL: 19
9.2.6	Odor threshold	159 ppm
9.2.7	Vapor pressure	44.6 mm Hg / 59 mbar / Id: E
9.2.8	Specific gravity	0.795
9.2.9	Solubility in water	Dry-Rite: Complete
		Silane: Slight
9.2.10	Partition coefficient	Not determined
9.2.11	Viscosity	Not determined
9.2.12	Vapor density	1.59
9.2.13	Evaporation rate	Not determined
10.0	Stability and reactivity	
10.1	Conditions to avoid	Heat, sparks, open flame, any ignition source.
10.2	Materials to avoid	Acetyl chloride and a wide range of oxidizing agents.
10.3	Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide from incomplete combustion.
10.4	Further information	Stable if stored and used as directed.
11.0	Toxicological information	
11.1	Acute toxicity	Minimal health hazard under normal conditions of use. Ethanol: LD_{50} in young rats: 10.6 g/kg orally; LD_{50} in old rats: 7.06 g/kg orally. Acetone: LD_{50} in rats: 10.7 ml/kg orally
11.2	Irritation and corrosiveness	May cause irritation/redness of eyes or skin on contact. May cause irritation of respiratory tract if inhaled.
11.3	Sensitization	Not applicable.
11.4	Sub-acute, sub-chronic and prolonged toxicity	No chronic health hazard under normal conditions of use.

11.5	Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive Toxicity	Not a carcinogen under normal conditions of use. Large quantities of ethanol, ingested over time, may be carcinogenic or a cause of Fetal Alcohol Syndrome. IARC has reported a relationship between habitual drinking of significant quantities of alcoholic beverages and cancer of oral cavity, pharynx, esophagus, liver.
11.6	Empirical data	None available
11.7	Clinical experience	Dry-Rite, Silane and similar products have been used in dentistry for decades with no reported problems.
12.0	Ecological Information	
12.1	Ecotoxicity	Follow good work practices and government regulations. Avoid release into environment.
13.0	Disposal Considerations	
13.1	Regulations	Follow all local and national government regulations in disposing material or contaminated packaging.
14.0	Transport Information	
14.1	UN Number	1170
14.2	Technical name	Ethyl alcohol
14.3	Packing group	II
14.4	IATA class	3
15.0	Regulatory Information	
15.1	EU	Dry-Rite (Class I) and Silane (Class IIa) are medical devices under MDD 93/42/EEC.
15.2	US FDA	Dry-Rite and Silane are Class II medical devices
15.3	Health Canada	Dry-Rite (Class I) and Silane (Class III) medical devices
16.0	Other information	
16.1	List of relevant R phrases	R11: Highly flammable R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
16.2	Hazard Statements	 H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Category 2. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. Category 2. H335: Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT), single exposure, respiratory tract, Category 3: May cause respiratory irritation. H315: Causes skin irritation. Category 2.

16.3	Precautionary Statements	P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, hot surfaces. No smoking. P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P261: Avoid breathing fumes. P280: Wear protective gloves/ clothing and eye protection. P304+P340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338: If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P303+P361+P353: If on skin or hair, remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P370+P378: In case of fire, use dry chemical, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide for extinction.
16.4	Restrictions on use	Pulpdent dental materials, such as Dry-Rite and Silane, are to be sold to and used by dental professionals only.
16.5	Further information	The information presented herein is believed to be factual as it has been derived from the works of persons believed to be qualified experts. However, nothing contained in this information is to be taken as a warranty or representation for which Pulpdent Corporation bears legal responsibility. The user should review any recommendations in the specific context of the intended use to determine whether they are appropriate.
16.6	Sources of key data	National Institute for Occupational Safety (NIOSH)
		US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
		Eur-Lex European Union Law: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).
		Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets. Version 1.1; December 2011. European Chemicals Agency
16.7	Information which has been added, deleted or revised.	This Safety Data Sheet has been revised to meet the requirements of the GHS SDS format, Regulations (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). Specifically, Sections 2.1, 2.2, 3.2, 16.2, 16.3 have been modified.

Trade Name: PULPDENT KOOL-DAM

1.0	Commercial Product Name and Supplier	
1.1	Commercial product name / designation	Kool-Dam Heatless Liquid Dam & Block Out Resin
1.2	Application / Use	Dental material for use by dental professional only.
1.2.2	SIC	851 Human health activity
1.2.3	Use Category	55
1.3	Manufacturer Pulpdent Corporation 80 Oakland Street, P.O. Box 780 Watertown, MA 02472 USA	Telephone: 1 617 926-6666 Fax: 1 617 926-6262 Email: Pulpdent@pulpdent.com
1.4	Emergency Telephone Number	1-800-535-5053 (24 Hour / USA)
1.5	Authorized European Representative	Advena Limited Tower Business Centre, 2nd Floor, Tower Street, Swatar, BKR 4013 Malta
	UK Responsible Person	Advena Limited Pure Offices, Plato Close Warwick, CV34 6WE United Kingdom

2.0	Hazards Identification			
2.1	Classification	Irritant.		
2.1.1	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	Hazard Class Eye irritation STOT SE Skin irritation Skin sensitization	Hazard Category 2 3 2 1	Hazard Statement H319 H335 H315 H317
2.1.2	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC (See SECTION 16 for full text of risk phrases)	Irritant; Xi; R 36/3	7/38 - 43	

2.2 GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Word: WARNING

Restricted to use by dental professional only.

Hazard Statements

H319: Eye irritation. 2. May cause eye irritation. H335: STOT SE. 3. May cause respiratory irritation. H315: Skin irritation. 2. May cause skin irritation.

H317: Sensitization. 1. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements

P261: Avoid breathing vapor.

P280: Wear protective gloves and eye protection

P305+P351: If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

P302+P352: If on skin, wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333+P313: If irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention.

P410+P411: Protect from sunlight. Store at temperature not exceeding 27°C / 80°F.

Trade Name: **PULPDENT KOOL-DAM**

3.0	Composition				
3.1	Chemical characterization of the preparation Methacrylate ester monomers in a light-cured, glass-filled paste.				
3.2	Hazardous ingr	Hazardous ingredients			
	CAS Number	Name of the Ingredient	Concentration	Classification per 67/548/EEC	Classification per Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008 (CLP)
	Proprietary	Uncured methacrylate ester monomers	55-65%	Xi (Irritant) R36/37/38, R43	Eye irritation, 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Skin irritation, 2, H315 Skin sensitization, 1, H317
	112945-52-5	Amorphous silica	5 %	Xi (Irritant), R36/37/38	Eye irritation, 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Skin irritation, 2, H315
4.0	First Aid Meas	sures			
4.1	General Information Minimal health hazard under normal conditions of use. May be irritati eyes, respiratory system and skin on contact. Prolonged or repeated or with methacrylate may cause sensitization. Show this safety data she medical personnel. Get medical attention in case of uncertainty.		ontact. Prolonged or repeated contact ation. Show this safety data sheet to		
4.2	Inhalation		Move to fresh air medical attention		ster oxygen / artificial respiration; seek
4.3	Skin Contact		Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water for 15 minutes.		
4.4	Eye Contact		Keep eyelids apa attention.	art and flush with runnii	ng water for 15+ minutes. Get medical
4.5	Ingestion			e irritating to mucous	ce vomiting. Get immediate medical membranes. Never give anything by
4.6	Precautions for	first responders	Ventilate the area	a. Wear eye and skin pr	otection.
4.7	Information for	physicians			
	Symptoms		Irritation or redne	ess in eyes, throat or on	skin.
	Hazards		May be irritating by skin contact.	to eyes, respiratory sys	tem and skin. May cause sensitization
	Treatment		As above under f	First Aid.	
5.0	Fire Fighting N	Measures			
5.1	Suitable exting	uishing media		dry chemical, alcohol for exposed containers co	am or water fog. Water spray may be ol.
5.2	Extinguishing n	nedia to avoid	Do not use direct	water stream	
5.3	Special exposu	re hazards in a fire	Heat may cause	polymerization with rap	id release of energy.
5.4	Special protect fighters	ive equipment for fire-	A self-contained	breathing apparatus sh	ould be worn by fire fighting personnel
6.0	Accidental Re	lease Measures			
6.1	Personal preca	utions	Ventilate area. W	ear safety glasses, glov	ves, and lab coat.

Trade Name: **PULPDENT KOOL-DAM**

6.2	Environmental precautions	Contain spilled material. Follow all government regulations.
6.3	Method for clean up	Absorb or wipe up spill with suitable material (paper towels or cloths). Collect for disposal in a covered container. Wash area of spill with alcohol or soap and water.
7.0	Handling and Storage	
7.1	Handling	For use only by dental professionals. Follow good hygiene practices. Remove applicator tip from syringe and recap immediately after use. Keep light-cured materials shaded from intense light sources.
7.2	Storage	Store tightly capped in original container at cool room temperature (<25°C). Avoid direct light, sources of ignition, extremes of temperature (>27°C/80°F, <5°C/40°F). Shelf life for unopened product is two years from date of manufacture, provided that the material has been stored properly.
7.3	Specific uses	Dental material
8.0	Exposure Controls / Personal Protection	1
8.1	Exposure limit values	PEL: Not established. TLV: Not established.
8.2	Exposure controls	
8.2.1	Occupational exposure controls	No special equipment required under normal conditions of use.
8.2.1.1	Respiratory protection	Good general ventilation is sufficient to control any airborne vapors
8.2.1.2	Hand protection	No special requirements other than the usual surgical gloves.
8.2.1.3	Eye protection	No special requirements other than the usual safety glasses.
8.2.1.4	Skin protection	Good personal hygiene and safety practices; lab coat.
8.2.1.5	Other controls	Emergency eye wash fountain should be available. Wash hands after use.
8.2.2	Environmental exposure controls	Follow all government regulations. Cure material before disposing.
9.0	Physical and Chemical Properties	
9.1	Characteristics	
9.1.1	Appearance /Color / Physical state	Light blue gel
9.1.2	Odor	Faint, characteristic
9.2	Important health, safety and environmental	information
9.2.1	pH	Not determined
9.2.2	Boiling point	Not determined
9.2.3	Flash point	Not determined
9.2.4	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
9.2.5	Explosive properties	Not applicable
9.2.6	Oxidizing properties	Not determined
9.2.7	Vapor pressure	< 1 mm Hg / 133 Pa / Id: B
9.2.8	Specific gravity	1.290
9.2.9	Solubility in water	Nil

Trade Name: **PULPDENT KOOL-DAM**

rrade	Name: PULPDENT KOOL-DAM	
9.2.10	Partition coefficient	Not determined
9.2.11	Viscosity	Not determined
9.2.12	Vapor density	Not determined
9.2.13	Evaporation rate	Not determined
10.0	Stability and reactivity	
10.1	Conditions to avoid	Temperature extremes (>80°F / 27°C, <40°F/ 5°C), intense light, contamination.
10.2	Materials to avoid	Reducing and oxidizing agents, peroxides, amines.
10.3	Hazardous decomposition products	Under fire conditions and with amounts far greater than that supplied in this product, hazardous polymerization may occur with heat build- up, release of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen.
10.4	Further information	Polymerization will occur when exposed to direct light.
11.0	Toxicological information	
11.1	Acute toxicity	Not toxic. Minimal health hazard in the quantities present in this product and under normal conditions of use.
11.2	Irritation and corrosiveness	May be irritating to eyes, mucous membranes or skin on contact or with prolonged exposure.
11.3	Sensitization	May be sensitizing. Prolonged or frequent skin contact may cause allergic skin reactions in some susceptible individuals.
11.4	Sub-acute, sub-chronic and prolonged toxicity	Prolonged and/or frequent skin contact may cause allergic skin reactions in susceptible individuals. Prolonged exposure to large amounts (more than in this product) of this material may cause eye and respiratory irritation.
11.5	Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive Toxicity	None known
11.6	Empirical data	Not available
11.7	Clinical experience	Kool-Dam has been used safely and effectively in the US and internationally for about 10 years with no reports of adverse events.
12.0	Ecological Information	
12.1	Ecotoxicity	To the best of our knowledge, polymerized material is inert. No other information is available. Follow all government regulations.
13.0	Disposal Considerations	
13.1	Regulations	Follow all local and national government regulations in disposing material or contaminated packaging.
14.0	Transport Information	
14.1	Restrictions	None. Not regulated by IATA.
15.0	Regulatory Information	
15.1	EU	Class I medical devices under MDD 93/42/EEC.
15.2	US FDA	Class I medical device

Trade Name: **PULPDENT KOOL-DAM**

15.3	Health Canada	Class III medical device
16.0	Other information	
16.1	List of relevant R phrases	R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R43: Sensitizing by skin contact
16.2	Hazard Statements	H319: Eye irritation. Hazard category 2. H335: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single exposure; hazard category. 3. Respiratory tract irritation. H315: Skin irritation. Hazard category 2. H317: Skin Sensitization. Hazard category 1.
16.3	Precautionary Statements	P261: Avoid breathing vapor. P280: Wear protective gloves and eye protection P305 + P351: If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. P337 + P313: If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. P302 + P352: If on skin, wash with plenty of soap and water. P333 + P313: If irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice / attention. P410 + P411: Protect from sunlight. Store at temperature not exceeding 27°C / 80°F.
16.4	Restrictions on use	Pulpdent products are to be sold to and used by dental professionals only.
16.5	Further information	The information presented herein is believed to be factual as it has been derived from the works of persons believed to be qualified experts. However, nothing contained in this information is to be taken as a warranty or representation for which Pulpdent Corporation bears legal responsibility. The user should review any recommendations in the specific context of the intended use to determine whether they are appropriate.
16.6	Sources of key data	National Institute for Occupational Safety (NIOSH) US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Eur-Lex European Union Law: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets. Version 1.1;
16.7	Information which has been added, deleted or revised.	December 2011. European Chemicals Agency This Safety Data Sheet has been revised to meet the requirements of the GHS SDS format, Regulations (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). Specifically, Sections 2.1, 2.2, 3.2, 16.2, 16.3 have been modified.

Trade Name: Porcelain Etch Gel

1.0	Commercial Product Name and Supplier				
1.1	Commercial product name / designation		Porcelain Etch Gel, 9.6% Hydrofluoric Acid Gel		
1.2	Application / Use		Dental material used to etch porcelain.		
1.2.2	SIC	851	851 Human health activity		
1.3	Manufacturer Pulpdent Corporation 80 Oakland Street, PO Box 780 Watertown, MA 02472 USA	Em	Telephone: 1 617 926-6666 / Fax: 1 617 926-6262 Email: Pulpdent@pulpdent.com		
1.4	Emergency Telephone Number	1-800-535-5053 (24 Hour / USA)			
1.5	Authorized European Representative UK Responsible Person	Advena Limited Tower Business Centre, 2nd Floor, Tower Street, Swatar, BKR 4013 Malta Advena Limited Pure Offices, Plato Close Warwick, CV34 6WE United Kingdom			
2.0	Hazards Identification				
2.1	Classification				
2.1.1	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Hazard Class Acute Toxicity Skin Corrosion / Serious eye damage		Hazard Category 2 1A	Hazard Statement H300, H330, H310 H314
2.1.2	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC (See SECTION 16 for full text of risk phrases)		T; R26/27/28 C; R35		

2.2 GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms





Signal Word: DANGER

Restricted to use by dental professional only.

Hazard Statements H300: Fatal if swallowed H330: Fatal if inhaled.

H310: Fatal in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary Statements

P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280: Wear protective gloves, lab coat and eye/face protection.

P301+P310: If swallowed, IMMEDIATELY call a Poison Center or doctor/physician.

P302+P350: If on skin, gently wash with soap and water.

P304+340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338: If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until pH of tears is 7.

Trade Name: Porcelain Etch Gel

3.0	Composition				
3.1	Chemical Chara	acterization	g	0.6% Hydrofluoric Acid	n a proprietary gel base
3.2	Hazardous Ingr	edients			
	CAS Number	Name of the ingredient	Concentration	Classification per 67/548/EEC	Classification per Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008 (CLP).
	7664-39-3	Hydrofluoric acid	9.6%	T; R 26/27/28 C; R 35	Acute Toxicity; 2 Skin Corrosion / Serious eye damage, 1A
	64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol	5.3 %	Xi: R 10-36/37/38	Flammable liquid,2 Eye irritation, 2 STOT SE, 3 Skin irritation, 2
4.0	First Aid Mea	sures			
4.1	General Information		hydrofluoric aci corrosive. AVO swallowed or ab	d that has been incor	Porcelain Etch Gel is buffered, diluted (9.6% porated into a gel, this product is still ver VITH PRODUCT. May be fatal if inhaled auses severe burns.
4.2	Eye Contact		surrounding skill flushing of the	n with running water for entire surface. Get e	nmediately (within 1 minute) flush eyes and 30-60 minutes, holding lids apart to ensurulate among medical attention only after the ontinued during transport.
4.3	Skin Contact		30-60 minutes medical attention during transport in well) every 15	while removing contar on only after the flush i. Apply 2.5% calcium o	nmediately flush skin with running water for ninated clothing and shoes. Get emergencing is complete unless it can be continue pluconate gel to the exposed area (rubbing uconate is not available, apply benzethoniur e exposed area.
4.4	Ingestion		patient rinse mo		Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, hav mount of water to dilute. Never give anything
4.5	Inhalation				r oxygen, artificial respiration and/or CPR a are. Have patient lie down; keep quiet, warm
4.6	Precautions for first responders		burns may be		face shield, gloves, lab coat. Awareness o id as soon as possible. Have someone els entilate area.
4.7	Information for	physicians			
	Symptoms		Pain and redness at site of contact. Victim may not initially be aware of burn.		
	Hazards		May be fatal if inhaled, swallowed, absorbed through skin. Causes severe burns.		
	Treatment		in iced magnesi	um sulfate solution (25	burns may be treated by immersing the are to 50%) or iced water, taking care to prever every 10 to 15 minutes.
5.0	Fire Fighting	Measures			
5.1	Suitable exting	juishing media	Carbon dioxide.	Dry chemical.	

Trade Name: Porcelain Etch Gel					
5.2	Extinguishing media to avoid	Water.			
5.3	Special exposure hazards in a	Porcelain Etch Gel: None likely in this product.			
	fire	Bulk Hydrofluoric acid in closed containers: Pressure will build to dangerous levels when exposed to high temperatures. Flammable when heated.			
5.4	Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.			
6.0	Accidental Release Measures				
6.1	Personal precautions	Wear face shield or goggles, chemically resistant gloves, and buttoned up lab coat. Avoid all contact with material. Ventilate the area.			
6.2	Environmental precautions	Not indicated for the quantity of HF in this product and under normal conditions of use in a dental practice. Large amounts should not be flushed into sewer.			
6.3	Method for clean up	For a small spill (this product): Absorb or wipe up spill with inert material, such as paper towels, and transfer to container for disposal. Wash spill site.			
7.0	Handling and Storage				
7.1	Handling	For use by dental professionals only. Keep tightly capped in original container. Do not add any other material to container. Empty container may contain explosive or flammable residue.			
7.2	Industrial Hygiene	Do not allow food or drink consumption or smoking while handling. Wear protective gloves and goggles. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands well after use.			
7.3	Storage	Recap immediately after use. Store tightly capped in original container at cool room temperature (<25°C) and in a dry, well-ventilated area. Avoid water, heat, sparks, flame, organic substances, and direct sunlight.			
8.0	Exposure Controls / Personal Protection				
8.1	Exposure limit values	PEL/TLV (HF): 3 ppm; TWA (Alcohol): 1000 ppm			
8.2	Exposure controls				
8.2.1	Occupational exposure controls	Eye protection and chemically impervious gloves are recommended for dental personnel under anticipated conditions of normal use.			
8.2.1.1	Respiratory protection	For the small quantity provided in this product, no special respiratory protection is required. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used to maintain exposure below 3 ppm.			
		For large amounts of hydrofluoric acid, when threshold limits are exceeded (greater than 3 ppm), use self-contained breathing apparatus. Guard against aspiration into lungs.			
8.2.1.2	Hand protection	Neoprene or polyethylene gloves are recommended.			
8.2.1.3	Eye protection	Safety glasses or face shield worn by dental staff is adequate under normal conditions of use. For large quantities, safety goggles are required.			
8.2.1.4	Skin Protection	Wear buttoned lab coat, long sleeves and/or apron over clothing to protect skin.			
8.2.1.5	Other Controls	If used <i>in vivo</i> , use rubber dam around tooth to be etched and high speed evacuator tip or other protective devices for patient. Mask all surrounding tissue. Patient should wear safety glasses. Emergency eye wash fountain should be close by. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Clean protective equipment before reuse			

Trade Name: Porcelain Etch Gel

8.2.2 Environmental exposure controls Do not wash large amounts of any acid into sewer system.

9.0	Physical and Chemical Properties				
9.1	Characteristics				
9.1.1	Appearance /Color / Physical state	Transparent yellow gel			
9.1.2	Odor	Characteristic			
9.2	Important health, safety and environmental information				
9.2.1	pH value	pH <1.5			
9.2.2	Boiling Point (Hydrofluoric acid)	108.33∘C			
9.2.3	Flash point	Not determined			
9.2.4	Flammability	Not applicable for Porcelain Etch Gel.			
9.2.5	Explosive properties	Not applicable for Porcelain Etch Gel. For bulk hydrofluoric acid in closed containers: Pressure will build to dangerous levels when exposed to high temperatures. Flammable when heated.			
9.2.6	Oxidizing properties	Not determined			
9.2.7	Vapor Pressure	10.00 mm Hg / 13.33 mbar / ld: E			
9.2.8	Specific Gravity	1.18			
9.2.9	Solubility in water	100%			
9.2.10	Partition coefficient	Not determined			
9.2.11	Viscosity	Not determined			
9.2.12	Vapor density	0.7			
9.2.13	Evaporation rate	Not determined			
9.2.14	Ignition temperature	Not applicable			
9.2.15	Further information	Odor Threshold: 0.04 ppm			
10.0	Stability and reactivity				
10.1	Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature (>27°C/80°F, <5°C/40°F), sparks, open flame, all other sources of ignition, contamination			
10.2	Materials to avoid	Water, glass, concrete, materials containing silicon, carbonates, sulfides, cyanides, alkalis, bases, reducing agents, nitric acid, organic materials, metals.			
10.3	Hazardous decomposition products	Not available			
10.4	Hazardous reactions	Strong exothermic reaction when exposed to incompatible substances. Pressure will build to dangerous levels when closed containers of hydrofluoric acid are exposed to high temperatures. Flammable when heated.			
11.0	Toxicological information				
11.1	Acute toxicity of Hydrofluoric acid (as F)	PEL/TLV: 3 ppm. Dermal LD ₅₀ mouse: 500 mg/kg. Vapor LC ₅₀ human: 50 ppm, 30 min. Causes severe burns. Destructive to tissue. Sensation may be delayed.			
11.2	Irritation and corrosiveness	Causes severe burns. Destructive to tissue. Sensation of burn may be delayed.			
11.3	Sensitization	Not a sensitizer			

Trade	Trade Name: Porcelain Etch Gel				
11.4	Sub-acute, sub-chronic and prolonged toxicity	Not likely in the quantity and concentration available in this product.			
11.5	Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive Toxicity	None known.			
11.6	Empirical data	None available.			
11.7	Clinical experience	Pulpdent Porcelain Etch Gel has been used safely and effectively for almost twenty years to successfully prepare porcelain surfaces for bonding. There have been no reports of serious injury during that time. Many of these preparations have taken place in a dental lab where there is less danger. Sometimes, however, it is necessary to use Porcelain Etch Gel intraorally. For these cases, it is most important to have a well-trained, experienced dentist perform the procedure and to use adequate shielding of soft tissue.			
12.0	Ecological Information				
12.1	Ecotoxicity	Strong acid. Large amounts of HF may damage wildlife or aquatic ecosystems. Do not flush large amounts to sewer; do not allow large amounts to flow into bodies of water.			
13.0	Disposal Considerations				
13.1	Regulations	Follow all local and national government regulations in disposing material or contaminated packaging.			
14.0	Transport Information				
14.1	UN Number	UN 1790			
14.2	Technical name	Hydrofluoric Acid Preparation			
14.3	IATA Class / Packing group	Class 8, 6.1, Packing Group II			
14.4	Transport over land	US DOT/ IATA: Excepted Small Quantities. Maximum unit quantity: 0.5L			
14.4.1	Transport Class	Class 8, 6.1, Packing Group II			
14.4.2	Label	Hydrofluoric Acid Preparation. Corrosive! Toxic!			
14.5	Transport at sea	US DOT/IATA: Excepted Small Quantities. On deck, under deck, passenger and cargo vessels Maximum unit quantity: 0.5L			
14.5.1	Transport Class	Class 8, 6.1, Packing Group II			
14.5.2	Label	Hydrofluoric Acid Preparation; Corrosive! Toxic!			
14.6	Air transport	US DOT/ IATA: Excepted Small Quantities. Maximum unit quantity: 30 ml			
14.6.1	Transport Class	Class 8, 6.1, Packing Group II			
14.6.2	Label	Hydrofluoric Acid Preparation. Corrosive! Toxic!			
14.7	Further information	No aluminum or glass containers. Packaging must be very secure to prevent leaks and breakage.			
15.0	Regulatory Information				
15.1	EU	Class I medical device under the MDD 93/42/EEC.			
15.2	US FDA	Class II medical device			
15.3	Health Canada	Class III medical device			

Trade Name. 1 Orderan Eten der				
16.0	Other information			
16.1	List of the relevant R phrases	R 35: Causes severe burns		
		R 26/27/28: Very toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.		
16.2	Hazard Statements	H300: Fatal if swallowed		
		H330: Fatal if inhaled.		
		H310: Fatal in contact with skin. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
16.3	Dragoution on Ctotomonto	• •		
10.3	Precautionary Statements	P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.		
		P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.		
		P280: Wear protective gloves, lab coat and eye/face protection.		
		P301 + P310: If swallowed, immediately call Poison Center or doctor/physician.		
		P302 + P350: If on skin, gently wash with soap and water.		
		P304 + 340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.		
		P305 + P351 + P338: If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until pH of tears is 7.		
16.4	Restrictions on use	Porcelain Etch Gel is to be sold to and used by dental professionals only.		
16.5	Further information	The information presented herein is believed to be factual as it has been derived from the works of persons believed to be qualified experts. However, nothing contained in this information is to be taken as a warranty or representation for which Pulpdent Corporation bears legal responsibility. The user should review any recommendations in the specific context of the intended use to determine whether they are appropriate.		
16.6	Sources of key data	National Institute for Occupational Safety (NIOSH)		
		Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)		
		Eur-Lex European Union Law: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).		
		Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets. Version 1.1; December 2011. European Chemicals Agency		
16.7	Information which has been added, deleted or revised.	This Safety Data Sheet has been revised to meet the requirements of the GHS SDS format, Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). Specifically, Sections 2.1, 2.2, 3.2, 16.2, 16.3 have been modified.		